EARLY YEARS FOUNDATION STAGE CURRICULUM

There are three prime areas of learning which are fundamental and underpin the rest of the curriculum. These are Personal, Social & Emotional Development, Communication & Language, and Physical Development. Then there are four specific areas of learning — Literacy, Mathematics, Understanding the World (science, IT, humanities, RE etc), and Expressive Arts & Design. In each of these areas there are objectives for children to be taught and assessed upon in age bands roughly correlating with the year in which they become 4 years old (Pre-School) and the year in which they become 5 years old (the Reception Year). The objectives for the year in which they become five are as follows.

Parents can help support their children in all these areas by giving them opportunities to practise the objectives.

Personal, Social & Emotional Development: Making Relationships

Early Learning Goal	Evidence
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form positive relationships with adults and other children.	 Initiates conversations, attends to and takes account of what others say. Explains own knowledge and understanding, and asks appropriate questions of others. Takes steps to resolve conflicts with other children, e.g. finding a compromise.

Personal, Social & Emotional Development: Self-confidence & Self-awareness

Early Learning Goal	Evidence
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children are confident to try new activities, and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help.	 Confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions. Can describe self in positive terms and talk about abilities.

Personal, Social & Emotional Development: Managing Feelings & Behaviour

Early Learning Goal (to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	Evidence (what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early
Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride.	 Understands that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them. Aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting. Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their toy.

Communication & Language: Listening & Attention

Early Learning Goal	Evidence	
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)	
Children listen attentively in a range of situations. They listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions or actions. They give their attention to what others say and respond appropriately, while engaged in another activity.	 Maintains attention, concentrates and sits quietly during appropriate activity. Two-channelled attention – can listen and do for short span. 	

Communication & Language: Understanding

Early Learning Goal	Evidence
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. They answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or	 Responds to instructions involving a two-part sequence. Understands humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes. Able to follow a story without pictures or props. Listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion.
events.	

Communication & Language: Speaking

Early Learning Goal	Evidence
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children express themselves effec-	• Extends vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of
tively, showing awareness of listen-	new words.
ers' needs. They use past, present	Uses language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations.
and future forms accurately when	- Oses language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations.
talking about events that have hap-	• Links statements and sticks to a main theme or intention.
pened or are to happen in the fu-	Uses talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events.
ture. They develop their own narra-	oses talk to organise, sequence and clarify trimking, lacas, recinigs and events.
tives and explanations by con-	• Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play.
necting ideas or events.	

Physical Development: Moving & Handling

Early Learning	Evidence
Goal	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	
Children show good	• Experiments with different ways of moving.
control and co- ordination in large and	Jumps off an object and lands appropriately.
small movements.	• Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or
They move confidently	changing direction to avoid obstacles.
in a range of ways, safely negotiating	• Travels with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment.
space. They handle	• Shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it.
equipment and tools	• Uses simple tools to effect changes to materials.
effectively, including pencils for writing.	Handles tools, objects, construction and malleable materials safely and with increasing control.
	• Shows a preference for a dominant hand.
	Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical lines.
	Begins to form recognisable letters.
	• Uses a pencil and holds it effectively to form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.

Physical Development: Health & Self-care

Early Learning Goal (to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	Evidence (what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise, and a healthy diet, and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe. They manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs successfully, including dressing and going to the toilet independently.	 Eats a healthy range of foodstuffs and understands need for variety in food. Usually dry and clean during the day. Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, sleeping and hygiene can contribute to good health. Shows understanding of the need for safety when tackling new challenges, and considers and manages some risks. Shows understanding of how to transport and store equipment safely. Practices some appropriate safety measures without direct supervision.

Literacy: Reading

Early Learning Goal	Evidence
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic	Continues a rhyming string.
knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read some common irregular words. They demonstrate un-	Hears and says the initial sound in words.
derstanding when talking with others about what	Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them.
	• Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet.

Literacy: Writing

Early Learning	Evidence
Goal	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	
Children use their	Gives meaning to marks they make as they draw, write and paint.
phonic knowledge to write words in	Begins to break the flow of speech into words.
ways which match their spoken	Continues a rhyming string.
sounds. They also	Hears and says the initial sound in words.
write some irregular common words.	Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together.
They write simple sentences which	• Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet.
can be read by	Uses some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some sounds correctly and in sequence.
others. Some words are spelt	Writes own name and other things such as labels, captions.
correctly and oth- ers are phonetically	Attempts to write short sentences in meaningful contexts.
plausible.	

Mathematics: Numbers

Early Learning Goal	Evidence
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children count reliably with numbers from one to 20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using quantities and objects, they add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. They solve problems, including doubling, halving and Osharing.	 Recognise some numerals of personal significance. Recognises numerals 1 to 5. Counts up to three or four objects by saying one number name for each item. Counts actions or objects which cannot be moved. Counts objects to 10, and beginning to count beyond 10. Counts out up to six objects from a larger group. Selects the correct numeral to represent 1 to 5, then 1 to 10 objects. Counts an irregular arrangement of up to ten objects. Estimates how many objects they can see and checks by counting them. Uses the language of 'more' and 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects. Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them. Says the number that is one more than a given number. Finds one more or one less from a group of up to five objects, then ten objects. In practical activities and discussion, beginning to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting. Records, using marks that they can interpret and explain. Begins to identify own mathematical problems based on own interests and fascinations.

Mathematics: Shape, Space & Measure

Early Learning	Evidence
Goal	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	
Children use everyday	Beginning to use mathematical names for 'solid' 3D shapes and 'flat' 2D shapes, and mathematical terms to describe shapes.
language to talk about size, weight, capacity,	Selects a particular named shape.
position, distance, time	• Can describe their relative position such as 'behind' or 'next to'.
and money to compare quantities and objects	Orders two or three items by length or height.
and to solve problems.	Orders two items by weight or capacity.
They recognise, create and describe patterns.	Uses familiar objects and common shapes to create and recreate patterns and build models.
They explore charac-	Uses everyday language related to time.
teristics of everyday objects and shapes and	Beginning to use everyday language related to money.
use mathematical	Orders and sequences familiar events.
language to describe them.	Measures short periods of time in simple ways.

Understanding the World: People & Communities

Early Learning Goal

(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)

Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.

Evidence

(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)

Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines

Understanding the World: The World

Early Learning Goal	Evidence
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another. They make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes.	Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change.

Understanding the World: Technology

Early Learning Goal	Evidence
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. They select and use technology for particular purposes.	Completes a simple program on a computer. Uses ICT hardware to interact with age-appropriate computer software.

Expressive Arts & Design: Exploring & Using Media & Materials

Early Learning Goal	Evidence
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children sing songs, make	Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances.
music and dance, and experiment with ways of	Explores the different sounds of instruments.
changing them. They safe-	• Explores what happens when they mix colours.
ly use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.	Experiments to create different textures.
	Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects.
	Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect.
	Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources.
	Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately.
	Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary.
	Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using.

Expressive Arts & Design: Being Imaginative

Early Learning Goal	Evidence
(to be achieved by the end of the Foundation Stage)	(what the child must be able to do to achieve the Early Learning Goal)
Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.	 Create simple representations of events, people and objects. Initiates new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences. Chooses particular colours to use for a purpose. Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play. Plays alongside other children who are engaged in the same theme. Plays cooperatively as part of a group to develop and act out a narrative.